## SAFETY DATA SHEET



#### 1. Identification

Product identifier FIRE RED Y/S (YELLOW SHADE)

Other means of identification

Product Code ICO.1111-4

Recommended use Automotive Refinish Toner

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name iColor Coatings
Address P. O. Box 24631

West Palm Beach, Florida 33416

**United States** 

**Telephone** General Assistance 844-216-1837

**E-mail** info@icolorcoatings.com

Contact person SDS Coordinator

Emergency phone number CHEMTREC 800-424-9300

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 2 **Health hazards** Acute toxicity, inhalation Category 3 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2B Germ cell mutagenicity Category 1B Carcinogenicity Category 1B Reproductive toxicity Category 1 **Environmental hazards** Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute Category 3

hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

long-term hazard

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes eye irritation. Toxic if inhaled. May cause genetic

defects. May cause cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Harmful to aquatic life.

Category 3

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statement** 

**Prevention** Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing vapors. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective

gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

**Response** If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing. Call a poison center/doctor. If eye irritation persists: Get medical

advice/attention. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.

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**Storage** 

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

Disposal

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Supplemental information

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

82.59% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 83.49% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 83.44% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **Mixtures**

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
iron oxide		1309-37-1	50 to <60
n-butyl acetate		123-86-4	10 to <20
2-Heptanone		110-43-0	1 to <5
2-pentanone		107-87-9	1 to <5
1,2-Dimethybenzene		95-47-6	0.1 to <1
Butyl benzyl phthalate		85-68-7	0.1 to <1
Ethyl benzene		100-41-4	0.1 to <1
heavy alkylate naphtha		64741-65-7	0.1 to <1
Other components below reportable levels	S		20 to <30

<sup>\*</sup>Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

## 4. First-aid measures

**Inhalation** Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or

artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other

proper respiratory medical device. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Skin contact Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical

attention if irritation develops and persists.

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Irritation of eyes. Exposed individuals may experience eye tearing, redness, and discomfort.

Ingestion Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

**General information** 

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

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## Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods
General fire hazards

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

#### 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray mists. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

# Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent product from entering drains. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

## **Environmental precautions**

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## 7. Handling and storage

## Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. When using do not smoke. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray mists. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged exposure. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

## Occupational exposure limits

Components	Туре	Value	Form
,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 5-47-6)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
2-Heptanone (CAS 110-43-0)	PEL	465 mg/m3	
110-43-0)		100 ppm	
2-pentanone (CAS	PEL	700 mg/m3	
107-87-9)		-	
Thul banzana (CAS	DEI	200 ppm	
Ethyl benzene (CAS I00-41-4)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
,		100 ppm	
neavy alkylate naphtha	PEL	400 mg/m3	
(CAS 64741-65-7)		100 ppm	
ron oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	PEL	10 ppm 10 mg/m3	Fume.
n-butyl acetate (CAS	PEL	710 mg/m3	i dillo.
123-86-4)		•	
		150 ppm	
JS. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values		Valor-	Form
Components	Туре	Value	FOIII
I,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)	STEL	150 ppm	
	TWA	100 ppm	
2-Heptanone (CAS I 10-43-0)	TWA	50 ppm	
2-pentanone (CAS 107-87-9)	STEL	150 ppm	
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm	
ron oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction
n-butyl acetate (CAS	STEL	200 ppm	
123-86-4)	TWA	150 ppm	
IS NIOSH, Dooket Cuide to Cham		тэо ррпп	
JS. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chem Components	Type	Value	Form
•	STEL	655 mg/m3	
1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)	SIEL	ชีวีวี mg/ms	
•		150 ppm	
	TWA	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
2-Heptanone (CAS	TWA	465 mg/m3	
110-43-0)		100 ppm	
,			
110-43-0) 2-pentanone (CAS 107-87-9)	TWA	530 mg/m3	
2-pentanone (CAS 107-87-9)		150 ppm	
2-pentanone (CAS 107-87-9) Ethyl benzene (CAS	TWA STEL	150 ppm 545 mg/m3	
2-pentanone (CAS	STEL	150 ppm 545 mg/m3 125 ppm	
2-pentanone (CAS 107-87-9) Ethyl benzene (CAS		150 ppm 545 mg/m3	

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chen Components	Туре	Value	Form
		100 ppm	
heavy alkylate naphtha (CAS 64741-65-7)	TWA	400 mg/m3	
,		100 ppm	
iron oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Dust and fume.
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	STEL	950 mg/m3	
·		200 ppm	
	TWA	710 mg/m3	
		150 ppm	

#### **Biological limit values**

ACGIH Biological Exposu Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)	0.15 g/g	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*

<sup>\* -</sup> For sampling details, please see the source document.

## Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station. Eye wash fountain and emergency showers are recommended.

## Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

**Eye/face protection** Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear protective gloves.

Other Wear suitable protective clothing.

**Respiratory protection** If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure

limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not

been established), an approved respirator must be worn.

**Thermal hazards** Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

## **Appearance**

Physical state Liquid.
Form Liquid.
Color Red Opaque.
Odor Solvent.
Odor threshold Not available.
pH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point -108.4 °F (-78 °C) estimated Initial boiling point and boiling 258.98 °F (126.1 °C) estimated

range

Flash point 71.6 °F (22.0 °C) estimated

Evaporation rate Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

(%)

1.4 % estimated

Flammability limit - upper

(%)

7.5 % estimated

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure 3.32 hPa estimated

Vapor densityNot available.Relative densityNot available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available.

Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature 797 °F (425 °C) estimated

**Decomposition temperature** Not available. **Viscosity** Not available.

Other information

**Density** 12.90 lbs/gal

Flammability class Flammable IB estimated

Percent volatile 21.71 % Specific gravity 1.7

**VOC** 2.8 lbs/gal Regulatory

2.8 lbs/gal Material 336 g/l Regulatory 336 g/l Material

10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

reactions

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Nitra

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

## 11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

**Inhalation** Toxic if inhaled.

**Skin contact** No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected.

**Eye contact** Causes eye irritation.

**Ingestion** Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Irritation of eyes. Exposed individuals may experience eye tearing, redness, and discomfort.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Toxic if inhaled.

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**Test Results** Components **Species** 1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6) **Acute Dermal** LD50 Rabbit > 43 g/kg Inhalation LC50 4600 ppm, 6 Hours Mouse Rat 6350 ppm, 4 Hours Oral LD50 Mouse 1590 mg/kg Rat 4300 mg/kg 2-Heptanone (CAS 110-43-0) **Acute Dermal** LD50 Rabbit 12600 mg/kg Oral LD50 730 mg/kg Mouse Rat 1.67 g/kg 2-pentanone (CAS 107-87-9) **Acute** Oral LD50 Rat 3.73 g/kg Butyl benzyl phthalate (CAS 85-68-7) **Acute Dermal** LD50 6700 mg/kg Mouse Rat 6700 mg/kg Oral LD50 Rat 13500 mg/kg Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) **Acute Dermal** Rabbit LD50 17800 mg/kg Oral LD50 Rat 3500 mg/kg heavy alkylate naphtha (CAS 64741-65-7) **Acute** Inhalation LC50 Rat 61 mg/l, 4 Hours Oral LD50 Rat > 25 ml/kg n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4) **Acute** Inhalation LC50 Wistar rat 160 mg/l, 4 Hours Oral LD50 Rat 14000 mg/kg

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

<sup>\*</sup> Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Causes eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

**Respiratory sensitization** Not a respiratory sensitizer.

**Skin sensitization** This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

**Germ cell mutagenicity** May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Butyl benzyl phthalate (CAS 85-68-7)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

iron oxide (CAS 1309-37-1) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

**Reproductive toxicity** May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not classified.

**Aspiration hazard** Not an aspiration hazard.

**Chronic effects** Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

## 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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Components Species Test Results

n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

**Aquatic** 

Fish LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 17 - 19 mg/l, 96 hours

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

## Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

1,2-Dimethybenzene	3.12
2-Heptanone	1.98
2-pentanone	0.91
Butyl benzyl phthalate	4.91
Ethyl benzene	3.15
n-butyl acetate	1.78

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

## 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal instructions**Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow

this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches

with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

**Local disposal regulations** Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

**Hazardous waste code**The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

## 14. Transport information

DOT

UN number UN1263

UN proper shipping name Paint, Paint Related Material

3

Transport hazard class(es)
Class

Subsidiary risk -Label(s) 3 Packing group II

**Special precautions for user** Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions IB2, T7, TP1, TP8, TP28

Packaging exceptions 150
Packaging non bulk 202
Packaging bulk 242

**IATA** 

UN number UN1263

UN proper shipping name Paint, Paint Related Material

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Packing group II
Environmental hazards No.
ERG Code 3H

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

<sup>\*</sup> Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Other information

Passenger and cargo Allowed.

aircraft

Cargo aircraft only Allowed.

**IMDG** 

UN number UN1263

UN proper shipping name Paint, Paint Related Material

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Packing group || |

Environmental hazards

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Not established.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

DOT



IATA; IMDG



## 15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

TSCA Chemical Action Plans, Chemicals of Concern

Butyl benzyl phthalate (CAS 85-68-7)

Phthalates Action Plan

**CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)** 

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)Listed.2-pentanone (CAS 107-87-9)Listed.Butyl benzyl phthalate (CAS 85-68-7)Listed.Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)Listed.n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

## Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

## SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous No

chemical

## SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.	
1,2-Dimethybenzene	95-47-6	0.1 to <1	_
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.1 to <1	

#### Other federal regulations

### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

## Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

## **US state regulations**

## US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Not listed

## US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd.

(a))

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)

Butyl benzyl phthalate (CAS 85-68-7)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

heavy alkylate naphtha (CAS 64741-65-7)

#### **US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List**

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)

2-Heptanone (CAS 110-43-0)

2-pentanone (CAS 107-87-9)

Butyl benzyl phthalate (CAS 85-68-7)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

heavy alkylate naphtha (CAS 64741-65-7)

iron oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)

n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

## US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)

2-Heptanone (CAS 110-43-0)

2-pentanone (CAS 107-87-9)

Butyl benzyl phthalate (CAS 85-68-7)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

heavy alkylate naphtha (CAS 64741-65-7)

iron oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)

n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

## US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)

2-Heptanone (CAS 110-43-0)

2-pentanone (CAS 107-87-9)

Butyl benzyl phthalate (CAS 85-68-7)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

heavy alkylate naphtha (CAS 64741-65-7)

iron oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)

n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

#### **US. Rhode Island RTK**

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)

Butyl benzyl phthalate (CAS 85-68-7) Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

#### **US. California Proposition 65**

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

### US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) Listed: June 11, 2004 naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) Listed: April 19, 2002

## US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

Butyl benzyl phthalate (CAS 85-68-7) Listed: December 2, 2005 Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Listed: January 1, 1991 US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Female reproductive toxin Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Listed: August 7, 2009

#### International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory \*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

## 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 05-02-2015

Version # 01

United States & Puerto Rico

Health: 3\* **HMIS®** ratings

Flammability: 3 Physical hazard: 0

Health: 3 NFPA ratings

Flammability: 3 Instability: 0

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